## ► ILYA SHAPIROVSKY, Satisfiability problems on sums of Kripke frames.

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The complexity of satisfiability problems in modal logic has been systematically investigated since the 1970s; for many logics (e.g., for the standard systems K, T, K4, S4) this problem is known to be PSPACE-complete [1], [3].

In many cases, PSPACE upper bound can be established using the operation of sum of relational structures (Kripke frames) [2]. Given a family ( $F_i \mid i$  in I) of frames indexed by elements of another frame I (of the same signature), the sum of the frames  $F_i$ 's over I is obtained from their disjoint union by connecting elements of *i*-th and *j*-th distinct components according to the relations in I. Given a class  $\mathcal{F}$  of frames-summands and a class  $\mathcal{I}$  of frames-indices,  $\sum_{\mathcal{I}} \mathcal{F}$  denotes the class of all sums of  $F_i$ 's in  $\mathcal{F}$  over I in  $\mathcal{I}$ . In this talk we discuss conditions under which the modal satisfiability problem on  $\sum_{\mathcal{I}} \mathcal{F}$  is polynomial space Turing reducible to the modal satisfiability problem on  $\mathcal{F}$ .

[1] R. LADNER, The computational complexity of provability in systems of modal propositional logic, SIAM Journal on Computing, vol. 6 (1977), no. 3, pp. 467–480.
[2] I. SHAPIROVSKY, PSPACE-decidability of Japaridze's polymodal logic, Advances

in modal logic (London), AiML, vol. 7, College Publications, 2008, pp. 289–304.

[3] E. SPAAN, *Complexity of modal logics*, PhD thesis, University of Amsterdam, Institute for Logic, Language and Computation, 1993.